

# GitHub and intro stats: Technology to support group and project-based learning

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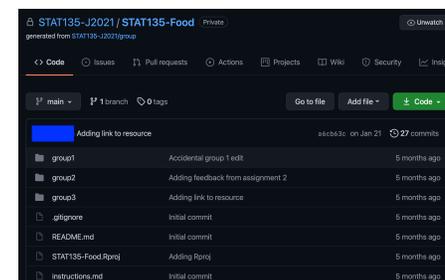
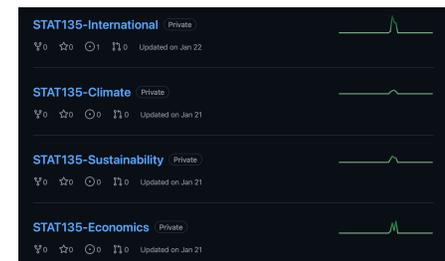
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# Motivation

**GitHub** is a powerful version control tool that supports collaboration and reproducibility

[Beckman et al., 2021](#) and [Fiksel et al., 2019](#) demonstrate the feasibility and value of including Git and GitHub in statistics and data science courses

- Free access available for educational purposes
- Focus on teaching basic functionality



# Teaching GitHub to expand opportunities

By teaching GitHub early...

- we're preparing students for future opportunities and helping to make them more competitive when they apply to internships and jobs.
- we can help make the pool of undergraduates with these technical skills more broad and diverse.
- we expose them to tools for reproducible analysis and workflow.
- they can leverage more sophisticated use in later courses.

## Why GitHub in Intro Stats?

- version control is an important component of reproducibility
- revised GAISE College report (2016) notes the importance of teaching the entire data analysis cycle
- outline a "Minimal GitHub" to support a group and project-based introductory statistics class
- focuses on supporting collaboration and interactions between students and with instructor
- goal: not to cognitively overload students

## Methods

- results from a January (intensive online) introductory statistics course (n=21 students)
- used a teaching method due to Katie Kinnaird (personal communication)
- GitHub used to facilitate group and individual project deliverables and foster discussions
- focus on student experience
- data included mid- and end-of-semester assessments and GitHub records
- project approved by Amherst College IRB

## Methods (cont.)

- GitHub introduced on day one of class (only web interface)
- clone repo and make commits using GitHub (day two)
- a little bit more (day three)
- for group work, roles rotated with one person responsible for commits each assignment (to minimize merge conflicts)
- for individual projects, instructor provided file structure and used issues for all deliverables
- the **ghclass** package used to interact with repositories

## Methods (cont.)

- authors handcoded the text responses to the survey questions:
  - "What has your experience been like with Github" (mid-semester)
  - "What did you think about GitHub" (end-of-semester)
  - unable to link the responses at each time point
  - create three indicators of **comfort** with GitHub (yes, neutral, or no), **useful** (yes, neutral, or no), and **sentiment** (positive, neutral, negative)
- high level analysis of GitHub commits, issues, comments, and merge conflicts

## Results

There were **29 total repositories** created during the semester. Each student had access to

- 1 group repository (about 3 members per group)
- 1 individual repository

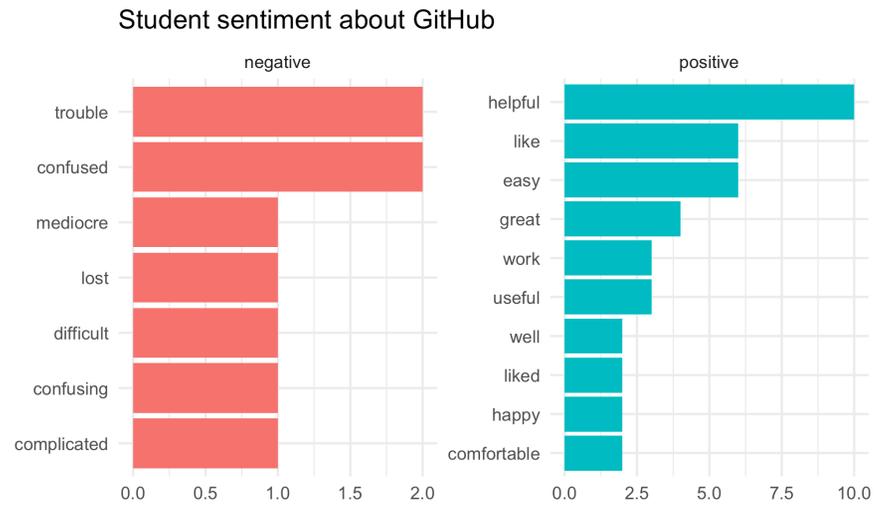
### Commits per student

Repo type	Mean	Median	SD
Group	11.5	7	10.0
Individual	12.4	11	5.9

### Issues per student

Type	Mean	Median	SD
Initiated	2.7	2.5	1.3
Comments	8.6	7.0	5.4

# Student sentiment



Get student buy-in on the usefulness of GitHub early in the semester

## Conclusions and Takehomes

- only teach **basic GitHub functionality** in intro courses
  - reinforce "pull/commit/push" (very important for group work)
- **merge conflicts** happened but imposed a relatively minor challenge
- explain the **value of learning GitHub** to prepare for internships, research opportunities, and future careers
- though there is a relatively steep learning curve, **student feedback was generally positive** by the end of the semester

## Resources

- <https://nicholasjhorton.github.io/Minimal-GitHub/> (other resources)
- <https://www.projecttier.org/fellowships-and-workshops/2021-spring-symposium/> (TIER Symposium on teaching reproducibility)
- [https://nhorton.people.amherst.edu/call\\_reproducibility.pdf](https://nhorton.people.amherst.edu/call_reproducibility.pdf) (Call for papers, teaching reproducibility and responsible workflow)

# Appendix

# Student sentiment

## Mid-semester (n = 21)

- all 9 students who had positive sentiment about GitHub wrote positive or neutral comments about its usefulness
  - true even if they were not yet comfortable using it

## End-of-semester (n = 15)

- 9 students had positive sentiment about GitHub, saw its usefulness, and were comfortable using it
- 2 students had positive sentiment about GitHub, were comfortable using it, but felt neutral about its usefulness